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# OAT Extended Life Coolant/Antifreeze - Premix

Version 1.2	Revision Date 24.08.2020	Print Date 22.10.2020				
SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND CON	SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION					
Product name	: OAT Extended Life Coolant/Antifreeze	- Premix				
Product code	: 00116839					
<b>Manufacturer or supplier's d</b> Supplier Telephone Telefax	etails : TransDiesel Limited NZBN 9429036551132 533 Halswell Junction Road Christchurch 8042 New Zealand : 0800 848 267 (All Hours) :					
Emergency telephone number	: 0800 848 267 (All Hours)					
Recommended use of the ch Recommended use	emical and restrictions on use : Antifreeze and coolant.					

## **SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE. NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2017., Not classified as Dangerous Goods for transport, according to NZS 5433:2012 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land.

#### Hazard classification

Hazardous Substances Classification	: 6.1D, 6.9B
GHS Classification Acute toxicity (Oral) Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	: Acute Tox.4 : STOT RE2 (Kidney)
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>PHYSICAL HAZARDS:</li> <li>Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria.</li> <li>HEALTH HAZARDS:</li> <li>H302 Harmful if swallowed.</li> </ul>

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	H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:		
	Not classified as an environmental ha	azard under GHS criteria.	
Precautionary statements :			
•	Prevention:		
	P264 Wash hands thoroughly after ha	andling	
	P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when		
	Response:		
	P301 + P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a	POISON	
	CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.		
	P330 Rinse mouth.		
	Storage:		
	No precautionary phrases.		
	No predationary priladed.		
	Disposal:		
	P501 Dispose of contents/ container t	o an approved waste	
	disposal plant.		

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label: Contains Ethylene Glycol, CAS# 107-21-1.

## Other hazards which do not result in classification

Intentional abuse, misuse or other massive exposure may cause multiple organ damage and or death.

# SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Chemical nature : Mixture of ethylene glycol, water and additives.

## Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
Ethanediol	107-21-1	Acute Tox.4; H302 STOT RE2; H373	45 - 55
Diethylene glycol	111-46-6	Acute Tox.4; H302	1 - 5

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

# **SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES**

If inhaled

: No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use.

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	If symptoms persist, obtain medi	cal advice.	
In case of skin contact	water and follow by washing with	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.	
In case of eye contact	<ul> <li>Flush eye with copious quantities Remove contact lenses, if preser rinsing.</li> <li>If persistent irritation occurs, obtained</li> </ul>	nt and easy to do. Continue	
If swallowed	: If swallowed, do not induce vomi medical facility for additional trea spontaneously, keep head below Rinse mouth.	atment. If vomiting occurs	
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	: Oil acne/folliculitis signs and sym of black pustules and spots on th Ingestion may result in nausea, y	ne skin of exposed areas.	
Protection of first-aiders	: When administering first aid, ens appropriate personal protective e incident, injury and surroundings	equipment according to the	
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Call a doctor or poison control ce	enter for guidance.	

# **SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water in a jet.
Specific hazards during firefighting	:	Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.
Specific extinguishing methods	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in

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	a confined space. Select fire fighter	s clothing approved to
	relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: El	N469).

## SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	: Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Environmental precautions	: Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	: For large liquid spills (> 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank for recovery or safe disposal. Do not flush away residues with water. Retain as contaminated waste. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely
	For small liquid spills (< 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means to a labeled, sealable container for product recovery or safe disposal. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely.
Additional advice	<ul> <li>For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.</li> <li>For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.</li> </ul>
	Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

# SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

General Precautions	Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal this material.	of
Advice on safe handling	Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to prevent fires.	
Avoidance of contact	Strong oxidising agents.	

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Storage		
Other data	<ul> <li>Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place.</li> <li>Use properly labeled and closable containers.</li> <li>Store at ambient temperature.</li> </ul>	
Packaging material	: Suitable material: For containers or co steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: Zinc., Avoid conta materials.	<b>U</b> ,
Container Advice	: Polyethylene containers should not be temperatures because of possible risk	

# SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

## Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Ethanediol	107-21-1	WES-Ceiling (Vapour and mist)	50 ppm 127 mg/m3	NZ OEL
Ethanediol	107-21-1	TWA (Vapour)	25 ppm	ACGIH
Ethanediol		STEL (Vapour)	50 ppm	ACGIH
Ethanediol		STEL (Inhalable fraction, Aerosol only)	10 mg/m3	ACGIH

# Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

# **Monitoring Methods**

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate. Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

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Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

Engineering measures :	The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.
	Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.
	General Information: Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls. Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product. Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation. Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

## Personal protective equipment

## Protective measures

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Respiratory protection	<ul> <li>No respiratory protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use.</li> <li>In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices, precautions should be taken to avoid breathing of material.</li> <li>If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation.</li> </ul>
	opeone container of dee and meeting relevant registration.

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	Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter. Select a filter suitable for the combination of organic gases and vapours and particles [Type A/Type P boiling point >65°C (149°F)].
Hand protection Remarks	: Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended.
	For continuous contact we recommend gloves with breakthrough time of more than 240 minutes with preference for > 480 minutes where suitable gloves can be identified. For short-term/splash protection we recommend the same but recognize that suitable gloves offering this level of protection may not be available and in this case a lower breakthrough time maybe acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not a good predictor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Glove thickness should be typically greater than 0.35 mm depending on the glove make and model.
Eye protection	: If material is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes, protective eyewear is recommended.
Skin and body protection	<ul> <li>Skin protection is not ordinarily required beyond standard work clothes.</li> <li>It is good practice to wear chemical resistant gloves.</li> </ul>
Thermal hazards	: Not applicable
Environmental exposure of	controls
General advice	: Take appropriate measures to fulfill the requirements of relevant environmental protection legislation. Avoid contamination of the environment by following advice given in Section 6. If necessary, prevent undissolved material from being discharged to waste water. Waste water should be treated in a municipal or industrial waste water treatment plant before discharge to surface water.

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	Local guidelines on emission limits must be observed for the discharge vapour.	

# SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	:	Liquid at room temperature.
Colour	:	red
Odour	:	characteristic
Odour Threshold	:	Data not available
рН	:	Not applicable
Melting point/freezing point	:	<= -37 °C / <= -35 °F (50.0 hPa) Method: ASTM D1177
pour point		Data not available
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	> 100 °C / 212 °Festimated value(s)
Flash point	:	Method: Unspecified Not applicable
Evaporation rate	:	Data not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Data not available
Upper explosion limit	:	Typical 15 %(V)
Lower explosion limit	:	Typical 3 %(V)
Vapour pressure	:	Data not available
Relative vapour density	:	Data not available
Density	:	1,065 - 1,085 kg/m3 (20 °C / 68 °F) Method: Unspecified
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	:	completely soluble
Solubility in other solvents	:	Data not available
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Data not available
Auto-ignition temperature	:	> 200 °C / 392 °F
Decomposition temperature	:	Data not available
Viscosity		

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Version 1.2 Viscosity, dynamic	Revision Date 24.08.2020 : Data not available	Print Date 22.10.2020
Viscosity, kinematic	: Method: Unspecified Not applicable	
Explosive properties	: Not classified	
Oxidizing properties	: Data not available	
Conductivity Molecular weight	<ul><li>This material is not expected to be</li><li>Not applicable</li></ul>	e a static accumulator.

# SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical stability	: Stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Reacts with strong oxidising agents.
Conditions to avoid	: Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
Incompatible materials	: Strong oxidising agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	: No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

## **SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Basis for asse	ssment :	Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).
Information on exposure	likely routes of :	Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.
Acute toxicity		
Product:		
Acute oral toxi	city :	LD50 rat: > 500 - 2,000 mg/kg Remarks: Harmful if swallowed.
		Remarks: There is a marked difference in acute oral toxicity between rodents and man, man being more susceptible than rodents. The estimated fatal dose for man is 100 milliliters (1/2 cup). This material has also been shown to be toxic and potentially lethal by ingestion to cats and dogs.

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	Ingestion may cause drowsiness a	and dizziness.
Acute inhalation toxicity	: LC 50 Rat: > 5 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Remarks: Low toxicity:	
Acute dermal toxicity	: LD50 Rabbit: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity:	

## Skin corrosion/irritation

## Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to skin., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## Serious eye damage/eye irritation

## Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to the eye., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## Respiratory or skin sensitisation

# Product:

Remarks: Not a skin sensitiser. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## **Chronic toxicity**

## Germ cell mutagenicity

# Product:

: Remarks: Non mutagenic, Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# Carcinogenicity

## Product:

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
Ethanediol	No carcinogenicity classification.
Diethylene glycol	No carcinogenicity classification.

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Reproductive toxicity		

#### **Product:**

Remarks: Not a developmental toxicant., Does not impair fertility., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## STOT - single exposure

#### Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **STOT - repeated exposure**

## Product:

Remarks: Kidney: can cause kidney damage.

#### Aspiration toxicity

#### Product:

Not an aspiration hazard.

#### **Further information**

#### Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

Remarks: Inhalation of vapours or mists may cause irritation to the respiratory system.

## **SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Basis for assessment	<ul> <li>Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product.</li> <li>Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products.</li> <li>Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).</li> </ul>
Ecotoxicity	
Product:	
Toxicity to fish (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: LC/EC/IC50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: LC/EC/IC50 > 100 mg/ Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the class	
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: LC/EC/IC50 > 100 mg/ Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the class	
Toxicity to fish (Chronic	: Remarks: Data not available	
toxicity) Toxicity to crustacean (Chronic toxicity)	: Remarks: Data not available	
Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: Data not available	
Persistence and degradability		
Product:		
Biodegradability	: Remarks: Readily biodegradable.	
Bioaccumulative potential		
Product:		
Bioaccumulation	: Remarks: Does not bioaccumulat	e significantly.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Remarks: Data not available	
Mobility in soil		
Product:		
Mobility	: Remarks: Liquid under most envir product enters soil, it will be highly contaminate groundwater., Dissol significant risk of oxygen depletion	y mobile and may lves in water., Poses a
Other adverse effects		
no data available Product:		
Additional ecological information	: Does not have ozone depletion po ozone creation potential or global	

# SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste from residues       : Recover or recycle if possible.         It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to	Disposal methods	
	Waste from residues	It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the

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	determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses	
	Waste product should not be allow ground water, or be disposed of ir Waste, spills or used product is da	nto the environment.
Contaminated packaging	: Dispose in accordance with preva to a recognized collector or contra the collector or contractor should Disposal should be in accordance national, and local laws and regul	actor. The competence of be established beforehand. with applicable regional,
Local legislation Remarks	: Disposal should be in accordance Hazardous Substances Disposal substance using a method that ch composition of the substance so t longer a hazardous substance.	Regulations 2001. Treat the anges the characteristics or

# SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

## **National Regulations**

Land Transport Rule: Dangerous Goods 2012 -NZS 5433 Not regulated as a dangerous good

# International Regulations

## IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

## IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

# Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied. MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

## Special precautions for user

Remarks

: Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

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# SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

# Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

R-phrase(s)	:	Harmful if swallowed.
S-phrase(s)	: S2 S13	Keep out of the reach of children. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.
	S46	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

New Zealand Workplace Exposure Limits 2002 (WES). New Zealand Standard 5433:2012 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land.

## Other international regulations

# The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

EINECS	:	All components listed or polymer exempt.
TSCA	:	All components listed.
NZIoC	:	All components listed.

# **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

## Full text of H-Statements

H302	Harmful if swallowed.	
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
Full text of other abbreviations		
	Acute toxicity	

Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity
STOT RE	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

## Abbreviations and Acronyms

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation

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Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 -Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch -Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS -Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

## **Further information**

Other information

: A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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