CNHi Engine Oil Super 15W-40

| Version 1.0 | Revision Date 24.08.2020 | Print Date 28.08.2020 | | | |
|---|---|-----------------------|--|--|--|
| SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COI | SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION | | | | |
| Product name | : CNHi Engine Oil Super 15W-40 | | | | |
| Product code | : 00117228 | | | | |
| Manufacturer or supplier's of Supplier's of Supplier | Shell Markets (Middle East) Limite 8th floor, Dubai Convention Tower Za'abeel | | | | |
| Telephone Telefax | 307 Dubai Utd.Arab Emir. : (+971) 800035704494 : (+971) 43321591 | | | | |
| Emergency telephone number Email Contact for Safety Data Sheet | +60383168800 (OUTSIDE UAE); UAE) lubricantSDS@shell.com | 800035704494 (WITHIN | | | |
| Recommended use of the classical Recommended use | Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use Recommended use : Engine oil. | | | | |
| | | | | | |

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Based on available data this substance / mixture does not meet the classification criteria.

GHS label elements

| Hazard pictograms | : No Hazard Symbol required |
|--------------------------|--|
| Signal word | : No signal word |
| Hazard statements | PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a health hazard under GHS criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria. |
| Precautionary statements | : Prevention: No precautionary phrases. |
| | Response: No precautionary phrases. |
| | Storage: No precautionary phrases. |
| | Disposal: No precautionary phrases. |

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Other hazards which do not result in classification

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.Used oil may contain harmful impurities.Not classified as flammable but will burn.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

| Substance / Mixture | : | Mixture |
|---------------------|---|---|
| Chemical nature | : | Highly refined mineral oils and additives. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO- extract, according to IP346. |
| | : | * contains one or more of the following CAS-numbers: 64742- 53-6, 64742-54-7, 64742-55-8, 64742-56-9, 64742-65-0, 68037-01-4, 72623-86-0, 72623-87-1, 8042-47-5, 848301-69- 9, 68649-12-7, 151006-60-9, 163149-28-8. |

Hazardous components

| Chemical name | CAS-No. | Classification | Concentration (% w/w) |
|--|--------------|---|--------------------------|
| Interchangeable low viscosity base oil (<20,5 cSt @40°C) * | Not Assigned | Asp. Tox.1; H304 | 0 - 90 |
| Zinc dialkyldithiophosphate | 68784-31-6 | Eye Dam.1; H318 Aquatic Acute2; H401 Aquatic Chronic2; H411 | 0.1 - 2.49 |
| Calcium alkaryl sulphonate | 722503-68-6 | Skin Sens.1B; H317 | 0.1 - 0.9 |
| Calcium long chain alkaryl sulphonate | 722503-69-7 | Skin Sens.1B; H317 | 0.1 - 0.9 |

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

| If inhaled | : No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice. |
|-------------------------|--|
| In case of skin contact | Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention. |
| In case of eye contact | Flush eye with copious quantities of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention. |

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|---|---|----------------------------|
| If swallowed | : In general no treatment is necess are swallowed, however, get me | |
| Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed | : Oil acne/folliculitis signs and sym of black pustules and spots on th Ingestion may result in nausea, v | he skin of exposed areas. |
| Protection of first-aiders | : When administering first aid, ens appropriate personal protective e incident, injury and surroundings | equipment according to the |
| Notes to physician | : Treat symptomatically. | |

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

| Suitable extinguishing media | : | Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only. |
|---|---|---|
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : | Do not use water in a jet. |
| Specific hazards during firefighting | : | Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds. |
| Specific extinguishing methods | : | Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. |
| Special protective equipment for firefighters | : | Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469). |
| Hazchem Code | : | NONE |

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

| Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures | : Avoid contact with skin and eyes. |
|---|---|
| Environmental precautions | Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers. |

| Version 1.0 | Revision Date 24.08.2020 Local authorities should be advise cannot be contained. | Print Date 28.08.2020 ed if significant spillages |
|---|---|--|
| Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up | : Slippery when spilt. Avoid accide Prevent from spreading by makin or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an ab Soak up residue with an absorber suitable material and dispose of p | g a barrier with sand, earth sorbent. nt such as clay, sand or other |
| Additional advice | : For guidance on selection of pers see Section 8 of this Safety Data For guidance on disposal of spille this Safety Data Sheet. | Sheet. |

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

| General Precautions | : | Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material. |
|-------------------------|---|---|
| Advice on safe handling | : | Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to prevent fires. |
| Avoidance of contact | : | Strong oxidising agents. |
| Product Transfer | : | Proper grounding and bonding procedures should be used during all bulk transfer operations to avoid static accumulation. |
| Storage | | |
| Other data | : | Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labeled and closable containers. |
| | | Store at ambient temperature. |
| Packaging material | : | Suitable material: For containers or container linings, use mild steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC. |
| Container Advice | : | Polyethylene containers should not be exposed to high temperatures because of possible risk of distortion. |

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SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

| Components | CAS-No. | Value type (Form of exposure) | Control parameters / Permissible concentration | Basis |
|-------------------|--------------|---|---|---|
| Oil mist, mineral | Not Assigned | TWA (Mist) | 5 mg/m3 | AU OEL |
| Oil mist, mineral | Not Assigned | TWA (Mist) | 5 mg/m3 | Australia. Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminant s. |
| Oil mist, mineral | Not Assigned | TWA (Mist) | 5 mg/m3 | OSHA Z-1 |
| Oil mist, mineral | Not Assigned | TWA (Inhalable particulate matter) | 5 mg/m3 | ACGIH |

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

| Engineering measures | The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations. |
|----------------------|---|
| | Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated. |
| | General Information: Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of |

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|---|---|--|
| | controls. Educate and train workers in the measures relevant to normal acti product. Ensure appropriate selection, tes equipment used to control expos equipment, local exhaust ventilat Drain down system prior to equip maintenance. Retain drain downs in sealed sto subsequent recycle. Always observe good personal h washing hands after handling the drinking, and/or smoking. Routin protective equipment to remove of contaminated clothing and footwo Practice good housekeeping. | ivities associated with this sting and maintenance of ure, e.g. personal protective tion. oment break-in or rage pending disposal or ygiene measures, such as a material and before eating, hely wash work clothing and contaminants. Discard |
| Personal protective equip | ment | |
| Protective measures | | |
| Personal protective equipme PPE suppliers. | ent (PPE) should meet recommended n | ational standards. Check wit |
| Respiratory protection | No respiratory protection is ordin conditions of use. In accordance with good industria precautions should be taken to a If engineering controls do not ma concentrations to a level which is health, select respiratory protection specific conditions of use and me Check with respiratory protective Where air-filtering respirators are appropriate combination of mask Select a filter suitable for the con and vapours and particles [Type (149°F)]. | al hygiene practices, void breathing of material. aintain airborne s adequate to protect worker on equipment suitable for the eeting relevant legislation. equipment suppliers. e suitable, select an and filter. hbination of organic gases |
| Hand protection Remarks | : Where hand contact with the pro gloves approved to relevant stan US: F739) made from the followi suitable chemical protection. PV0 gloves Suitability and durability o usage, e.g. frequency and durativ resistance of glove material, dex from glove suppliers. Contaminat replaced. Personal hygiene is a b | dards (e.g. Europe: EN374, ng materials may provide C, neoprene or nitrile rubber f a glove is dependent on on of contact, chemical terity. Always seek advice ted gloves should be key element of effective hand |
| | care. Gloves must only be worn or gloves, hands should be washed Application of a non-perfumed m | and dried thoroughly. |

For continuous contact we recommend gloves with

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| | | breakthrough time of more than 2 for > 480 minutes where suitable short-term/splash protection we recognize that suitable gloves off may not be available and in this of time maybe acceptable so long a and replacement regimes are foll a good predictor of glove resistant dependent on the exact composi Glove thickness should be typicat depending on the glove make an | gloves can be identified. For ecommend the same but ering this level of protection case a lower breakthrough is appropriate maintenance owed. Glove thickness is not note to a chemical as it is tion of the glove material. Ily greater than 0.35 mm |
| Eye protection | : | If material is handled such that it protective eyewear is recommend | |
| Skin and body protection | : | Skin protection is not ordinarily re work clothes. | |
| | | It is good practice to wear chemic | cal resistant gloves. |
| Thermal hazards | : | Not applicable | |
| Environmental exposure co | ntro | bls | |
| General advice | : | Take appropriate measures to fur relevant environmental protection contamination of the environmen Section 6. If necessary, prevent being discharged to waste water, treated in a municipal or industria before discharge to surface wate Local guidelines on emission limit must be observed for the dischar vapour. | n legislation. Avoid t by following advice given in undissolved material from Waste water should be al waste water treatment plant r. its for volatile substances |
| SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHE | EMI | CAL PROPERTIES | |
| Appearance | : | Liquid at room temperature. | |
| Colour | : | amber | |
| Odour Threshold | : | Data not available | |
| рН | : | Not applicable | |
| pour point | : | -36 °C / -33 °FMethod: ASTM D9 |)7 |
| Melting / freezing point | | Data not available | |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range | : | > 280 °C / 536 °Festimated value | e(s) |
| Flash point | : | 230 °C / 446 °F Method: ASTM D92 (COC) | |
| Evaporation rate | : | Data not available | |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | : | Data not available | |

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| Upper explosion limit | : Typical 10 %(V) | |
| Lower explosion limit | : Typical 1 %(V) | |
| Vapour pressure | : < 0.5 Pa (20 °C / 68 °F) estimated value(s) | |
| Relative vapour density | : > 1estimated value(s) | |
| Relative density | : 0.881 (15 °C / 59 °F) | |
| Density | : 881 kg/m3 (15.0 °C / 59.0 °F) Method: ASTM D4052 | |
| Solubility(ies) | | |
| Water solubility | : negligible | |
| Solubility in other solvents | : Data not available | |
| Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water | : log Pow: > 6(based on information | n on similar products) |
| Auto-ignition temperature | : > 320 °C / 608 °F | |
| Decomposition temperature | : Data not available | |
| Viscosity | | |
| Viscosity, dynamic | : Data not available | |
| Viscosity, kinematic | : 109 mm2/s (40.0 °C / 104.0 °F) Method: ASTM D445 | |
| | 14.7 mm2/s (100 °C / 212 °F) Method: ASTM D445 | |
| Explosive properties | : Not classified | |
| Oxidizing properties | : Data not available | |
| Conductivity | : This material is not expected to b | e a static accumulator. |

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

| Reactivity | : The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph. |
|--------------------|--|
| Chemical stability | : Stable. |

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|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Reacts with strong oxidising agen | ts. |
| Conditions to avoid | : Extremes of temperature and dire | ct sunlight. |
| Incompatible materials | : Strong oxidising agents. | |
| Hazardous decomposition products | : No decomposition if stored and ap | oplied as directed. |

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

| Basis for assessment | : Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s). |
|---------------------------|---|
| Exposure routes | : Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion. |
| Acute toxicity | |
| Product: | |
| Acute oral toxicity | LD50 rat: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
| Acute inhalation toxicity | : Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
| Acute dermal toxicity | LD50 Rabbit: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to skin., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to the eye., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

Zinc dialkyldithiophosphate:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

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|------------------------|---|-----------------------|
| Product: | | |
| Remarks: Not a skin s | sensitiser. | |
| Based on available da | ata, the classification criteria are not met. | |
| | | |
| Components: | | |
| Calcium long chain a | | |
| Remarks: May cause | an allergic skin reaction in sensitive individuals. | |
| | | |
| Chronic toxicity | | |
| Germ cell mutagenicity | | |
| Product: | | |
| | : Remarks: Non mutagenic, Based or | n available data, the |
| | classification criteria are not met. | |
| Carcinogenicity | | |
| Product: | | |

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies., Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

| Material | GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification |
|----------------------------|--|
| Highly refined mineral oil | No carcinogenicity classification. |

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Remarks: Not a developmental toxicant., Does not impair fertility., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: Continuous contact with used engine oils has caused skin cancer in animal tests.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

| | Basis for assessment | : | Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract). |
|-----|--|---|--|
| Ecc | otoxicity | | |
| | Product: | | |
| | Toxicity to fish (Acute toxicity) | : | Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
| | Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity) | : | Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
| | Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity) | : | Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
| | Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) Toxicity to crustacean | : | Remarks: Data not available Remarks: Data not available |

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| (Chronic toxicity) Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity) | : Remarks: Data not available | |
| Persistence and degradability | | |
| Product: | | |
| Biodegradability | : Remarks: Not readily biodegradab inherently biodegradable, but conta persist in the environment. | |
| Bioaccumulative potential | | |
| Product: | | |
| Bioaccumulation | : Remarks: Contains components w bioaccumulate. | rith the potential to |
| Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water | log Pow: > 6Remarks: (based on information on similar products) | |
| Mobility in soil | | |
| Product: | | |
| Mobility | Remarks: Liquid under most enviro enters soil, it will adsorb to soil par mobile. Remarks: Floats on water. | |
| Other adverse effects | | |
| no data available <u>Product:</u> | | |
| Additional ecological information | Does not have ozone depletion po ozone creation potential or global v is a mixture of non-volatile compor released to air in any significant qu conditions of use. Poorly soluble mixture., Causes pl organisms. Mineral oil does not cause chronic organisms at concentrations less t | warming potential., Product nents, which will not be uantities under normal hysical fouling of aquatic toxicity to aquatic |

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

| Disposal methods | |
|---------------------|---|
| Waste from residues | Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses |
| | Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or |
| | |

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| Version 1.0 | Revision Date 24.08.2020 ground water, or be disposed of into the | Print Date 28.08.2020 |
|------------------------|---|-----------------------|
| | Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste. | |
| Contaminated packaging | : Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations. | |
| Local legislation | . Dispessi should be in secondarias with | |
| Remarks | : Disposal should be in accordance with national, and local laws and regulation | |

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

National Regulations

ADG

Not regulated as a dangerous good

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied. MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

Special precautions for user

Remarks

: Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Standard for the Uniform : No poison schedule number allocated Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

Product classified as per Work Health Safety Regulations – Implementation of the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) 2012 and SDS prepared as per national model code of practice for preparation of safety data sheet for Hazardous chemicals 2011 based on Globally Harmonized Classification version 3.

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| National Model Code of Practice for the Labelling of Workplace Hazardous Chemicals (2011). | | | | |
| Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG code). Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP). | | | | |
| Other international regulations | | | | |
| The components of this product are reported in the following inventories: | | | | |
| EINECS | : All components listed or polymer e | exempt. | | |
| TSCA | : Not all components listed. | - | | |
| AICS | : Notified with Restrictions. | | | |

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements

| H304 | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. | | | |
|----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction. | | | |
| H318 | Causes serious eye damage. | | | |
| H401 | Toxic to aquatic life. | | | |
| H411 | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. | | | |
| Full text of other abbreviations | | | | |
| Aquatic Acute | Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard | | | |

| Aquatic Acute | Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard |
|-----------------|------------------------------------|
| Aquatic Chronic | Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard |
| Asp. Tox. | Aspiration hazard |
| Eye Dam. | Serious eye damage |
| Skin Sens. | Skin sensitisation |

Abbreviations and Acronyms

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC -International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory, LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 -Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch -Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS -Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals;

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| Version 1.0Revision Date 24.08.2020Print Date 28.08.2020SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System | | | | |
|--|---|---|--|--|
| Date of preparation or review | : 24.08.2020 | | | |
| Further information | | | | |
| Training advice | : Provide adequate information, instroperators. | uction and training for | | |
| Other information | : A vertical bar () in the left margin ir from the previous version. | ndicates an amendment | | |
| Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet | : The quoted data are from, but not I sources of information (e.g. toxicolo Health Services, material suppliers IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regula | ogical data from Shell ' data, CONCAWE, EU | | |

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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