Version 1.1	Revision Date 26.01.2024	Print Date 26.05.2024			
SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND CC	MPANY IDENTIFICATION				
Product name	: Fleetpro HD Engine Coolant Prer	nix			
Product code	: 007A1032				
Manufacturer or supplier's	details				
Supplier	: Shell Markets (Middle East) Limit Level 3, The Offices 4, One Cent Dubai World Trade Center P.O.BOX307 Dubai United Arab Emirates				
Telephone	: (+971) 800035704494				
Telefax	: (+971) 43321591				
Emergency telephone number	: 1800 651 818 (AUSTRALIA).				
Contact for Safety Data Sheet	: If you have any enquiries about please email lubricantSDS@she				
Recommended use of the	Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use				
Recommended use	: Antifreeze and coolant.				

### **SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

GHS Classification	
Acute toxicity (Oral) Reproductive toxicity Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	: Category 4 : Category 1B : Category 2 (Kidney)
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: H302 Harmful if swallowed. H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:</li> </ul>

### Fleetpro HD Engine Coolant Premix

Version 1.1	Revision Date 26.01.2024	Print Date 26.05.2024
	Not classified as an environmental haz	zard under GHS criteria.
Precautionary statements :	<b>Prevention:</b> P264 Wash hands thoroughly after har P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when <b>Response:</b> P301 + P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a	using this product.
	CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. P330 Rinse mouth.	
	<b>Storage:</b> P405 Store locked up.	
	<b>Disposal:</b> P501 Dispose of contents/ container to disposal plant.	an approved waste
	Additional Information: P201 Obtain special instructions before P202 Do not handle until all safety pred and understood. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective protection/ face protection. P260 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ n P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned attention. P314 Get medical advice/ attention if y	cautions have been read e clothing/ eye mist/ vapours/ spray. l: Get medical advice/

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label: Contains ethanediol. Contains Sodium Tetraborate Pentahydrate

#### Other hazards which do not result in classification

Intentional abuse, misuse or other massive exposure may cause multiple organ damage and or death.

### SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

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: Mixture of ethylene glycol, water and additives.

#### Hazardous components

Chemical nature

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration (%
			w/w)
Ethanediol	107-21-1	Acute Tox.4; H302 STOT RE2; H373	20 - 40

Ve	ersion 1.1	Revisior	n Date 26.01.2024		Print Date	26.05.2024
	disodium tetraborate pentahydrate	12179-04-3	Repr.1B; H360 Acute Tox.5; H303 Eye Irrit.2; H319	0.3 -	0.5	

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES				
General advice	:	Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions.		
If inhaled	:	Remove to fresh air. If rapid recovery does not occur, transport to nearest medical facility for additional treatment.		
In case of skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.		
In case of eye contact	:	Flush eye with copious quantities of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.		
If swallowed	:	If swallowed, do not induce vomiting: transport to nearest medical facility for additional treatment. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration. Rinse mouth.		
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	:	Kidney toxicity may be recognized by blood in the urine or increased or decreased urine flow. Other signs and symptoms can include nausea, vomiting, abdominal cramps, diarrhoea, lumbar pain shortly after ingestion, and possibly narcosis and death. Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal conditions of use. Respiratory irritation signs and symptoms may include a temporary burning sensation of the nose and throat, coughing, and/or difficulty breathing. No specific hazards under normal use conditions. Eye irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning sensation, redness, swelling, and/or blurred vision. Skin irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning sensation, redness, swelling, and/or blisters. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea. High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression resulting in headaches, dizziness and nausea; continued inhalation may result in unconsciousness and/or death.		
Protection of first-aiders	:	When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.		

Version 1.1	Revision Da	te 26.01.2024	Print Date 26.05.2024
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>IMMEDIATE TREATMENT IS EXTREMELY IMPORTANT! Call a doctor or poison control center for guidance. Treat symptomatically. May cause significant renal, respiratory, and CNS toxicity. May cause significant acidosis. The preferred treatment is immediate transportation to a medical facility and use of appropriate treatment including possible administration of activated charcoal, gastric lavage and or gastric aspiration. If none of the above are immediately available and a delay of more than one hour is anticipated before such medical attention can be obtained, induction of vomiting may be appropriate using IPECAC sym (Contraindicated if there are any signs of CNS depression). This should be considered on a case by case basis following specialist advice. Specific other treatments may include ethanol therapy, fomepizole, treatment of acidosis and haemodialysis. Seek specialist advice without delay.</li> </ul>		nter for guidance. iratory, and CNS toxicity. liate transportation to a priate treatment including ed charcoal, gastric lavage of the above are y of more than one hour is attention can be obtained, ropriate using IPECAC syrup signs of CNS depression). ase by case basis following reatments may include tment of acidosis and
SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING ME	URES		
Suitable extinguishing media			emical powder, carbon ed for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use w	vater in a jet.	
Specific hazards during firefighting	A complex m gases (smok Carbon mone occurs.	e).	lid and liquid particulates and dif incomplete combustion
Specific extinguishing methods		shing measures that es and the surroundir	are appropriate to local ng environment.

Special protective equipment : for firefighters	Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).
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Hazchem Code : NONE

### SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions,	: Avoid contact with skin and eye	es.
-----------------------	-----------------------------------	-----

Version 1.1	Revision Date 26.01.2024	Print Date 26.05.2024
protective equipment and emergency procedures Environmental precautions	: Local authorities should be ad cannot be contained.	vised if significant spillages
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	safe disposal. Do not flush aw	to a salvage tank for recovery or ay residues with water. Retain residues to evaporate or soak ent material and dispose of
	safe disposal. Allow residues t	container for product recovery or to evaporate or soak up with an al and dispose of safely. Remove
Additional advice	: For guidance on selection of p see Section 8 of this Safety Da For guidance on disposal of sp this Safety Data Sheet.	
	Local authorities should be ad cannot be contained.	vised if significant spillages

### SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

General Precautions	:	Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.
Advice on safe handling		Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to prevent fires.
Avoidance of contact	:	Strong oxidising agents.
Storage		
Other data	:	Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labeled and closable containers. Store at ambient temperature.

Version 1.1	Revision Date 26.01.2024	Print Date 26.05.2024
Packaging material	<ul> <li>Suitable material: For containers or steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: Zinc., Avoid co materials.</li> </ul>	
Container Advice	: Polyethylene containers should not temperatures because of possible r	

### SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components	CAS-No.	Value type	Control	Basis
		(Form of	parameters /	
		exposure)	Permissible	
			concentration	
Ethanediol	107-21-1	TWA	10 mg/m3	AU OEL
		(particulate)	_	
	Further infor	mation: Skin abso	orption	
Ethanediol		TWA	20 ppm	AU OEL
		(Vapour)	52 mg/m3	
	Further infor	mation: Skin abso	orption	
Ethanediol		STEL	40 ppm	AU OEL
		(Vapour)	104 mg/m3	
	Further infor	mation: Skin abso	orption	
Ethanediol	107-21-1	TWA	25 ppm	ACGIH
		(Vapour)		
Ethanediol		STEL	50 ppm	ACGIH
		(Vapour)		
Ethanediol		STEL	10 mg/m3	ACGIH
		(Inhalable	-	
		fraction,		
		Aerosol only)		

#### Components with workplace control parameters

### Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

### Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate. Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Version 1.1	Revision Date 26.01.2024	Print Date 26.05.2024
Health and Safety Exect http://www.hse.gov.uk/	utive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determinati	on of Hazardous Substances
Institut für Arbeitsschutz http://www.dguv.de/inha	z Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung It/index.jsp	(IFA) , Germany

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

Engineering measures	:	The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.
		Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.
		General Information: Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls. Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product. Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation. Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

### Personal protective equipment

#### Protective measures

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Respiratory protection	<ul> <li>No respiratory protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use.</li> <li>In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices, precautions should be taken to avoid breathing of material.</li> <li>If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation.</li> </ul>

sion 1.1	Revision Date 26.01.2024 Print Date 26.05.20
	Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter. Select a filter suitable for the combination of organic gases and vapours and particles [Type A/Type P boiling point >65° (149°F)].
Hand protection Remarks	: Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubbe gloves Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective har care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended.
	For continuous contact we recommend gloves with breakthrough time of more than 240 minutes with preference for > 480 minutes where suitable gloves can be identified. For short-term/splash protection we recommend the same but recognize that suitable gloves offering this level of protection may not be available and in this case a lower breakthrough time maybe acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes are followed. Glove thickness is n a good predictor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Glove thickness should be typically greater than 0.35 mm depending on the glove make and model.
Eye protection	: If material is handled such that it could be splashed into eye protective eyewear is recommended.
Skin and body protection	<ul> <li>Skin protection is not ordinarily required beyond standard work clothes.</li> <li>It is good practice to wear chemical resistant gloves.</li> </ul>
Thermal hazards	: Not applicable
Environmental exposure of	controls
General advice	<ul> <li>Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing vapour.</li> <li>Minimise release to the environment. An environmental assessment must be made to ensure compliance with local environmental legislation.</li> <li>Information on accidental release measures are to be found</li> </ul>

# Fleetpro HD Engine Coolant Premix

Version 1.1	Revision Date 26.01.2024	Print Date 26.05.2024
	section 6.	
SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHE	MICAL PROPERTIES	
Appearance	: Liquid at room temperature.	
Colour	: green	
Odour	: characteristic	
Odour Threshold	: Data not available	
рН	: Not applicable	
Melting point/freezing point	: <= -18 °C / <= -0.40 °F (50.0 hPa) Method: ASTM D1177	
Melting / freezing point		
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: > 100 °C / 212 °Festimated value(s)	
Flash point	: Method: Unspecified	
Evaporation rate	: Data not available	
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Data not available	
Upper explosion limit	: Typical 15 %(V)	
Lower explosion limit	: Typical 3 %(V)	
Vapour pressure	: Data not available (50 °C / 122 °F)	
Density	: 1,050 - 1,060 kg/m3 (20 °C / 68 °F) Method: ASTM D4052	
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	: completely soluble	
Solubility in other solvents	: Data not available	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Data not available	
Auto-ignition temperature	: > 200 °C / 392 °F	
Decomposition temperature	: Data not available	
Viscosity		
Viscosity, dynamic	: Data not available	

# Fleetpro HD Engine Coolant Premix

Version 1.1 Viscosity, kinematic	Revision Date 26.01.2024 : Method: Unspecified	Print Date 26.05.2024
Explosive properties	: Classification Code: Not classified	
Oxidizing properties	: Data not available	
Conductivity	: This material is not expected to be	a static accumulator.
Particle size	: Data not available	
Molecular weight	: Not applicable	

### SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical stability	: Stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Reacts with strong oxidising agents.
Conditions to avoid	: Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
Incompatible materials	: Strong oxidising agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	: No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

### SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	: Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).
Exposure routes	: Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.
Acute toxicity	
Product:	
Acute oral toxicity	: LD50 rat: > 500 - 2,000 mg/kg Remarks: Harmful if swallowed.
Acute inhalation toxicity	: LC 50 Rat: > 5 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Remarks: Low toxicity

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### Fleetpro HD Engine Coolant Premix

Version 1.1	Revision Date 26.01.2024	Print Date 26.05.2024
Acute dermal toxicity	: LD50 Rabbit: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity	
Components:		
Ethanediol:		
Acute oral toxicity	: LD 50 Rat, male and female: > 2,000 Method: Acceptable non-standard m Remarks: Harmful if swallowed. There is a marked difference in acute rodents and man, man being more s The estimated fatal dose for man is This material has also been shown to lethal by ingestion to cats and dogs.	ethod. e oral toxicity between usceptible than rodents. 100 milliliters (1/2 cup).
Acute inhalation toxicity	: LC 50 Rat, male and female: > 2.5 m Exposure time: 6 h Test atmosphere: Aerosol Method: Literature data Remarks: LC50 > 1.0 - <= 5.0 mg/l LC50 greater than near-saturated va Based on available data, the classifie	pour concentration.
Acute dermal toxicity	: LD 50 Mouse, male and female: > 2, Method: Literature data Remarks: Based on available data, t are not met.	

### Skin corrosion/irritation

#### Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to skin., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Components:**

### Ethanediol:

Species: Rabbit Method: Acceptable non-standard method. Remarks: Slightly irritating to skin., Insufficient to classify.

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

#### Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to the eye., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Components:**

Ethanediol: Species: Rabbit

Version 1.1

Revision Date 26.01.2024

Print Date 26.05.2024

Method: Acceptable non-standard method. Remarks: Slightly irritating to the eye., Insufficient to classify.

### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

### Product:

Remarks: Not a skin sensitiser. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Components:**

**Ethanediol:** Species: Guinea pig Method: Literature data Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Chronic toxicity**

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

### Product:

	: Remarks: Non mutagenic, Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Components:	
Ethanediol:	
Genotoxicity in vitro	: Method: OECD Test Guideline 471 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
	: Method: Acceptable non-standard method. Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
	: Method: Literature data Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
	: Test species: RatMethod: Literature data Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment	: This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.

### Carcinogenicity

### Product:

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Components:**

#### Ethanediol:

Species: Mouse, (male and female) Application Route: Oral

Version 1.1	Revision Date 26.01.2024	Print Date 26.05.2024
Method: Literature data		
Remarks: Based on avail	able data, the classification criteria are not m	net.
Carcinogenicity - Assessment	: This product does not meet the crit categories 1A/1B.	eria for classification in

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
Ethanediol	No carcinogenicity classification.
disodium tetraborate pentahydrate	No carcinogenicity classification.

•

### Reproductive toxicity

Product:

	Remarks: May damage fertility., May cause harm to the unborn child.
Components:	
Ethanediol:	Species: Rat Sex: male and female Application Route: Oral
	Method: Literature data Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Effects on foetal : development	Species: Rat, male and female Application Route: Oral Method: Literature data Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met., Causes foetotoxicity in animals; considered to be secondary to maternal toxicity.
Reproductive toxicity - : Assessment	This product does not meet the criteria for classification in categories 1A/1B.
disodium tetraborate pentahyd	Irate:

Remarks: May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

Version 1.1

Revision Date 26.01.2024

Print Date 26.05.2024

### STOT - single exposure

### Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Components:**

### Ethanediol:

Remarks: Inhalation of vapours or mists may cause irritation to the respiratory system., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met., Ingestion may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

### **STOT - repeated exposure**

### Product:

Remarks: Kidney: can cause kidney damage.

### **Components:**

### Ethanediol:

Exposure routes: Oral Target Organs: Kidney Remarks: May cause damage to organs or organ systems through prolonged or repeated exposure.

### **Repeated dose toxicity**

### Components:

### Ethanediol:

Rat, male: Application Route: Oral Method: Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Test Guideline 408 Target Organs: Kidney

### Aspiration toxicity

### Product:

Not an aspiration hazard.

### Components:

**Ethanediol:** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Further information**

### Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

Version 1.1

Revision Date 26.01.2024

Print Date 26.05.2024

Remarks: Inhalation of vapours or mists may cause irritation to the respiratory system.

# Components: Ethanediol:

Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

### **SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

	Basis for assessment	:	Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).
Eco	otoxicity		
	Product:		
	Toxicity to fish (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: LC/EC/IC50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
	Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: LC/EC/IC50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
	Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: LC/EC/IC50 > 100 mg/l Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
	Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	:	Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
	Toxicity to crustacean (Chronic toxicity)	:	Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
	Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
	<u>Components:</u> Ethanediol :		
	Toxicity to fish (Acute toxicity)	:	LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 72,860 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: Other guideline method. Remarks: Practically non toxic:

# Fleetpro HD Engine Coolant Premix

Version 1.1	Revision Date 26.01.2024	Print Date 26.05.2024
	LC/EC/IC50 > 100 mg/l	
Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity)	: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water f Exposure time: 48 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 2 Remarks: Practically non toxic: LC/EC/IC50 > 100 mg/l	
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity)	: EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subo 13,000 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: Other guideline method Remarks: Practically non toxic: LC/EC/IC50 > 100 mg/l	
Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)	: EC20 (Activated sludge, domes Exposure time: 0.5 h Method: Other guideline method Remarks: Practically non toxic: LC/EC/IC50 > 100 mg/l	, <b>.</b>
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	: NOEC: 15,380 mg/l Exposure time: 7 d Species: Pimephales promelas Method: Other guideline method Remarks: NOEC/NOEL > 100 m	d.
Toxicity to crustacean(Chronic toxicity)	<ul> <li>NOEC: 8,590 mg/l Exposure time: 7 d Species: Chironomus sp. (midge Method: Other guideline method Remarks: NOEC/NOEL &gt; 100 m</li> </ul>	d.
Persistence and degradability		
Product:		
Biodegradability	: Remarks: Readily biodegradable	е.
<u>Components:</u> Ethanediol :		
Biodegradability	: Biodegradation: 90 - 100 % Exposure time: 10 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 3 Remarks: Readily biodegradable	
Bioaccumulative potential		
Product:		
Bioaccumulation	: Remarks: Does not bioaccumula	ate significantly.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Remarks: Data not available	

Version 1.1	Revision Date 26.01.2024	Print Date 26.05.2024
<u>Components:</u> Ethanediol : Bioaccumulation	: Remarks: Does not have the potent significantly.	ial to bioaccumulate
Mobility in soil		
Product:		
Mobility	: Remarks: Liquid under most enviror product enters soil, it will be highly r contaminate groundwater., Dissolve significant risk of oxygen depletion i	mobile and may es in water., Poses a
Components:		
Ethanediol : Mobility	: Remarks: Disperses in water., If pro more constituents will be highly mol groundwater.	-
Other adverse effects		
Product:		
Additional ecological information	: Does not have ozone depletion pote ozone creation potential or global w	
<u>Components:</u> Ethanediol :		
Results of PBT and vPv assessment	<ul> <li>VB : The substance does not fulfill all sci persistence, bioaccumulation and to considered to be PBT or vPvB.</li> </ul>	5
Additional ecological information	: Does not have ozone depletion pote	ential.

### SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### **Disposal methods**

Waste from residues	<ul> <li>Recover or recycle if possible.</li> <li>It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.</li> <li>Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses.</li> </ul>
	Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste. Waste arising from a spillage or tank cleaning should be disposed of in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognised collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand.

Version 1.1	Revision Date 26.01.2024	Print Date 26.05.2024
	Do not dispose of tank water botto drain into the ground. This will res contamination.	, ,
	MARPOL - see International Conv Pollution from Ships (MARPOL 73 technical aspects at controlling po	3/78) which provides
Contaminated packaging	: Dispose in accordance with preva to a recognized collector or contra the collector or contractor should Disposal should be in accordance national, and local laws and regula	actor. The competence of be established beforehand. with applicable regional,
Local legislation Remarks	: Disposal should be in accordance national, and local laws and regula	

### **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### **National Regulations**

ADG

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### **International Regulations**

**IATA-DGR** Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

### Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

#### Special precautions for user

Remarks

: Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

### **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

# Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Standard for the Uniform : Schedule 5 Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

Version 1.1

Revision Date 26.01.2024

Print Date 26.05.2024

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

Product classified as per Work Health Safety Regulations – Implementation of the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) 2012 and SDS prepared as per national model code of practice for preparation of safety data sheet for Hazardous chemicals 2020 based on Globally Harmonized Classification version 7.

National Model Code of Practice for the Labelling of Workplace Hazardous Chemicals (2011).

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG code). Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

#### Other international regulations

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

TSCA	: All components listed.
AIIC	: All components listed.

### **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Full text of H-Statements

H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H303	May be harmful if swallowed.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Full text of ot	her abbreviations
Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity
Eye Irrit.	Eye irritation

Reproductive toxicity

### Abbreviations and Acronyms

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AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO -International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 -Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Revision Date 26.01.2024 Version 1.1 Print Date 26.05.2024 Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC -New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG -Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

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### **Further information**

Other information

: A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.

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